1	184090-2 : n : 03/15/2017 : HEALTH / ajh
2	
3	HOUSE HEALTH COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR HB373
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	SYNOPSIS: Under existing law, an adult may execute an
9	advance directive for health care.
10	This bill would create the Alex Hoover Act.
11	This bill would provide for portable medica
12	orders to be created by the parent or guardian of
13	minor with a chronic or terminal illness, in
14	consultation with the minor's treating physician,
15	to guide health care professionals in medical
16	treatment and guide others outside the medical
17	community in allowing the minor to participate in
18	school and other activities, in accordance with the
19	wishes of the minor and his or her parents or
20	guardians.
21	This bill would provide civil and criminal
22	immunity to individuals, health care providers,
23	health care facilities, and schools, who undertake
24	to follow the directives of a portable medical

order in good faith.

25

This bill would also define terms and provide procedures for executing portable medical orders.

4

6

7

5 A BILL

TO BE ENTITLED

AN ACT

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

To create the Alex Hoover Act; relating to chronically or terminally ill minors; to provide for portable medical orders to be created by the parent or quardian of a minor with a chronic or terminal illness, in consultation with the minor's treating physician, to guide health care professionals in medical treatment and quide others outside the medical community in allowing the minor to participate in school and other activities, in accordance with the wishes of the minor and his or her parents or guardians; to provide civil and criminal immunity to individuals, health care providers, health care facilities, and schools, who undertake to follow the directives of a portable medical order in good faith; to create a working group appointed by the Alabama State Advisory Council on Palliative Care and Quality of Life; and to define terms and provide procedures for executing portable medical orders.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF ALABAMA:

Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the Alex Hoover Act.

Section 2. It is the intent of this act to:

- (1) Recognize the needs, comfort, well-being, and dignity of a minor who is chronically or terminally ill as it relates to the health care provided to the minor and his or her ability to enjoy partaking in activities to the fullest extent possible.
- (2) Allow a parent or legal guardian of a chronically or terminally ill minor to execute a portable medical order to guide health care professionals in medical treatment, as well as those outside the medical community in allowing the minor to participate in school and other activities.

Section 3. As used in this act, the following words shall have the following meanings:

- (1) CHRONIC OR TERMINAL ILLNESS. A condition or illness causing imminent death to a patient whose condition, to a reasonable degree of medical certainty, is hopeless unless he or she is artificially supported through the use of life-sustaining procedures and the condition is confirmed by a physician who is qualified and experienced in making such a diagnosis.
- (2) INDIVIDUAL HEALTH PLAN. A document that outlines health care to be provided to a student in the school setting, developed by the school nurse in conjunction with the student's parents or guardians and may contain the orders from the physician, certified registered nurse practitioner

operating under a valid collaborative agreement, or physician assistant operating with a valid supervisory agreement.

- (3) MINOR. An individual ranging in age from birth until the age of 19. The term does not include an individual between 14 and 18 years of age who may legally give consent pursuant to Section 22-8-4, Code of Alabama 1975, and has the physical and mental capacity to give consent.
- (4) PORTABLE MEDICAL ORDER (PMO). A directive executed by a representative or representatives of a chronically or terminally ill minor, along with the minor's treating physician, that details the medical treatment and expectations of care from medical professionals and others outside the medical community.
  - (5) REPRESENTATIVE. Either of the following:
  - a. The parent of a minor.
  - b. The legal guardian of a minor.

Section 4. (a) In addition to any order issued under Chapter 8A of Title 22, Code of Alabama 1975, the representative or representatives of a minor who has been diagnosed with a chronic or terminal illness, along with the minor's treating physician, may execute a portable medical order according to this section.

(b) A PMO form must be completed by a representative in consultation with the minor's physician, and the individual health plan shall be developed by the nurse in consultation with the parent or guardian. The individual health plan shall contain the medical orders and the PMO form. To the extent

- possible depending on the age, maturity, and physical and mental ability to consent, the minor shall be consulted when completing the PMO form. The form shall contain all of the following information:
  - (1) The minor's medical history and prognosis.
  - (2) A range of appropriate medical treatment orders.
  - (3) Comfort measures.

- (4) A narrative description of the minor's desires for participating in activities in the community, including activities at school during school hours and after school and any other organizations or activities in which the minor participates.
- (5) The family's values and goals taking into consideration the desired quality of life of the minor, as developed in the individual health plan.
- (c) A PMO is executed when the form is completed and signed and dated by all legal representatives of the minor and the treating physician.
- (d) The representative shall keep the original executed PMO. The form shall be considered the personal property of the representative. The treating physician who executes the PMO form shall maintain a copy in the minor's medical records.
- (e) An individual, health care provider, health care facility, school, organization, or other entity shall treat a facsimile, paper, or electronic copy of an executed PMO as an original document.

1 (f) A representative may revoke an executed PMO at any time by signing and dating a writing.

Section 5. (a) The medical orders and other directives included in a PMO executed under this act are effective in all settings.

- (b) A health care provider or health care facility shall comply with the medical orders of an executed PMO that are apparent and immediately available to the provider.
- (c) Outside of the medical community, a representative shall be responsible for providing individuals, schools, organizations, and other entities with a copy of an executed PMO. To the extent possible, a school, organization, or other entity shall follow the directives of an executed PMO when determining whether and to what extent the minor may participate in activities.

Section 6. (a) An individual, health care provider, health care facility, or school acting in good faith and in reasonable accordance with the directives in an executed PMO in compliance with this act is not subject to criminal or civil liability and may not be found to have committed an act of unprofessional conduct.

(b) An individual, health care provider, health care facility, school, organization, or an entity acting in good faith may not be considered to have knowledge of a PMO form solely on the basis of the PMO form's entry into a medical record.

(c) An individual who does not know, or should not reasonably know, that a PMO order exists, is not civilly or criminally liable for actions taken to assist a minor subject to a PMO form.

Section 7. (a) (1) The Alabama State Advisory Council on Palliative Care and Quality of Life shall appoint a working group representing interdisciplinary urban and rural pediatric practitioners, pediatric oncologists, pediatric ethics specialists, spiritual professionals, physician assistants with extensive pediatric experience, and pediatric certified registered nurse practitioners. The working group shall also include the Alabama State Department of Education State School Nurse Administrator, a representative of the Alabama Hospital Association, a licensed social worker with extensive work experience in pediatric practice, two school nurses representing the Alabama Association of School Nurses, and a patient and family caregiver advocate.

- (2) The council shall coordinate its appointments to assure that the working group is inclusive and reflects the racial, gender, geographic, urban, rural, and economic diversity of the state.
- (b) The working group shall meet not less frequently than on a monthly basis and, by December 31, 2017, shall develop a final form for a PMO for palliative and end of life care for minor individuals diagnosed with a chronic or terminal illness.

Section 8. The Department of Public Health shall adopt rules and a PMO form, pursuant to the Alabama Administrative Procedure Act, for the implementation of this act. In cooperation with the working group as set forth in Section 7, the State Department of Education shall develop and disseminate training materials for school nurses regarding the development and implementation of individual health plans in accordance with this act.

Section 9. This act shall become effective on the first day of the third month following its passage and approval by the Governor, or its otherwise becoming law.